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*Attorneys for Plaintiff*

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

PENN ENGINEERING AND  
MANUFACTURING CORP. a Delaware  
Company,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

DONGGUAN FENGANG PINCONN  
HARDWARE FACTORY, foreign entity,

Defendant.

CASE NO.

**COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff PENN ENGINEERING AND MANUFACTURING CORP. (“PEM” or “Plaintiff”), by and through its counsel of record, the law firm of Dickinson Wright, PLLC, hereby files its Complaint against Defendant Dongguan Fenggang Pinconn Hardware Factory (“Defendant”) and complain as follows:

**INTRODUCTION**

The International Fastener Expo is an event held annually at the Las Vegas Convention center in which approximately eight hundred and (850) manufacturers and distributors from more than thirty (30) countries promote, exhibit, and offer for sale fasteners, precision formed parts, fastener machinery and tooling, and other related products and services. Defendant, who has already been enjoined in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Pennsylvania, is exhibiting and offering products for sale which infringe upon Plaintiff’s intellectual property.

1 Accordingly, Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief and money damages (including, but not limited to,  
2 statutory damages), attorneys' fees, interest, and costs.

3 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

4 1. This is an action for statutory trademark infringement, false designation of origin,  
5 and unfair competition in violation of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051, *et seq.*; for common  
6 law trademark infringement and unfair competition and for design patent infringement in  
7 violation of 35 U.S.C. § 1, *et seq.*

8 2. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §  
9 1121 and 28 U.S.C. § 1119 and 1121, and pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338, and 1367,  
10 because this action presents questions arising under the trademark and patent laws of the United  
11 States to which Congress has granted exclusive subject matter jurisdiction to the federal courts.  
12 This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's common law claims.

13 3. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant Dongguan Fenggang Pinconn  
14 Hardware Factory ("Pinconn" or "Defendant") based upon the Defendant's infringing acts of  
15 importing, manufacturing, advertising, displaying, and offering for sale, and selling the  
16 infringing goods at the at the International Fastener Expo held from October 17-20, 2017, at the  
17 Las Vegas Convention Center, in Las Vegas, NV, and for making the same goods available  
18 online on the Defendant's website located at [www.pinconn.com](http://www.pinconn.com).

19 4. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), (c), (d) and  
20 1400(b) because the Defendant does business in Nevada, has committed acts of infringement in  
21 Nevada, and is subject to personal jurisdiction in Nevada.

22 **THE PARTIES**

23 5. Plaintiff Penn Engineering & Manufacturing Corp. ("PEM") is a Delaware  
24 corporation headquartered in Danboro, Pennsylvania. PEM is the industry leader in the design  
25 and manufacture of self-clinching fasteners.

26 6. Upon information and belief, Defendant Pinconn is a Chinese corporation with its  
27 principal place of business at Dongguan Fenggang Pinconn Hardware Factory, 2nd Floor, A  
28

1 Building, Jinpeng Industrial Park, #96 Jincheng Road, Jingenghuang Zone, Fenggang Town,  
2 Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, P.R. China. Upon information and belief Defendant  
3 manufactures a variety of fasteners, which it imports, sells, and offers for sale within the United  
4 States.

5 **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

6 ***BACKGROUND BETWEEN PLAINTIFF AND DEFENDANT***

7 7. On November 23, 2015, Plaintiff PEM filed a complaint in the United States  
8 District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania against Pemco Hardware, Inc., Dongguan  
9 Fenggang Pemco Hardware Factory, and Shenzhen Pemco Fastening Systems Co. Ltd. (“The  
10 Pemco Action”). See Case 2:15-cv-06277-GJP. The complaint alleged numerous violations of  
11 federal statutory law and common law for trademark and patent infringement and unfair  
12 competition stemming from Defendants’ sale of products that are substantially similar to  
13 products that PEM has trademarked and patented. *Id.*

14 8. That same day, PEM filed a motion for preliminary injunction, asking the Court  
15 to temporarily enjoin Pemco from continuing to market and sell the infringing products. Despite  
16 service of the summons, complaint, and motion, Pemco failed to make an appearance in the case.  
17 An order granting Plaintiff’s motion for preliminary injunction was filed on March 9, 2016 a true  
18 and correct copy of which is attached hereto as ***Exhibit 1***.

19 9. Upon information and belief, the Defendant changed its name to avoid the  
20 Pennsylvania District Court’s Order. As evidenced from the Website, the Defendant and  
21 “Pemco” are the same infringing business. Among other things, the online brochure identifies  
22 the business as “Pemco Fastening Systems”; the “Company News” page identifies the business  
23 as “Pemco” and “Pemco Hardware”; photographs of signage on the website read, “Pemco,”  
24 “Pemco Hardware,” and “Pemco Fastening Systems”; numerous pages have headers that read,  
25 “PEMCO,” “PEMCO Fastening Systems,” and “Shenzhen Pemco Fastening Systems Co., Ltd.”;  
26 numerous pages have watermarks reading, “PEMCO,” “www.pemcomfg.com,” “PEMKU.com,”  
27 and “Shenzhen Pemco Fastening Systems Co., Ltd.”; and every page has a footer listing the  
28

address, telephone number and fax number for Pemco. *See generally Exhibits 2, 5-6.*

10. The domain name, [www.pinconn.com](http://www.pinconn.com), is registered and owned by Dongguan Fenggang Pemco Hardware Factory attached hereto as *Exhibit 3*.

11. The website logos are virtually identical, as can be seen from this website page header, which appears on numerous pages of Pinconn's website. *Id.*



### ***HISTORY OF PENN ENGINEERING AND MANUFACTURING CORPORATION***

12. PEM was founded in 1942 by K.A. Swanstrom, who invented a revolutionary technique to attach “self-clinching fasteners” to pieces of sheet metal. A “self-clinching fastener” is any device, usually threaded, that, when pressed into a softer metal panel, displaces the panel material around the mounting hole, causing the fastener to hold permanently into the sheet. A clinching ring, knurl, ribs, or hex head prevents the fastener from rotating in the panel. Thus, self-clinching fasteners become a permanent part of the panel, chassis, bracket, or other item into which they are installed. Self-clinching fasteners can be installed in sheet metal using standard tools, and do not require soldering, welding, or the creation of a threaded screw-hole in the sheet metal itself.

13. When Mr. Swanstrom founded PEM, the company initially sold only one product: a self-clinching nut that was used in an electronic device. PEM has expanded considerably in the 75 years since it was founded and now sells more than 20 different types of self-clinching fasteners in thousands of sizes and variations.

14. PEM's self-clinching fasteners are used in a wide variety of products, including computer equipment, automobiles, airplanes, business machinery, and farm equipment.

1           15.     PEM sells its products through a global network of authorized distributors. These  
2 distributors sell PEM brand fasteners to a variety of customers, including suppliers of finished  
3 sheet metal to original equipment manufacturers (“OEMs”). These OEMs include leading  
4 manufacturers of electronic and computer equipment.

5           16.     Due to the high quality of its products, its history of innovation, and its  
6 commitment to customer service, PEM is recognized as the industry leader in the market for  
7 fasteners. PEM’s fasteners are considered to be superior to those of its competitors, and PEM  
8 has developed and enjoys considerable goodwill. As a result, certain OEMs require that their  
9 suppliers use only PEM brand fasteners in their products.

10           17.     Over the past 75 years, PEM has developed a reputation for designing,  
11 manufacturing and selling only the highest quality fastener products. PEM exercises extensive  
12 quality control at its manufacturing plants and has a manufacturing strategy of defect prevention  
13 rather than defect detection. PEM uses statistical tools throughout its manufacturing processes to  
14 monitor the performance and to assure effective quality control of each process step. If a non-  
15 conforming situation arises, it is resolved immediately with the use of appropriate quality  
16 assurance tools.

17           18.     PEM’s fastener products and fastener installation equipment are sold throughout  
18 the entire world through an extensive network of distributors in the U.S. and dozens of foreign  
19 countries. PEM currently has approximately 64 distributors in 47 countries.

20           19.     PEM’s fastener products and fastener installation equipment are also advertised,  
21 promoted, and sold on its extensive interactive website. PEM has operated such a website since  
22 as early as 1996.

23           20.     PEM’s fastener products and fastener installation equipment are also advertised,  
24 promoted, and sold at national and international trade shows including the following: Pacific  
25 Design & Manufacturing; FABTECH; Composites Europe; mtex; MIDEST; Fastener Expo; and  
26 Manufacturing Indonesia.

27           21.     PEM’s fastener products and fastener installation equipment are also advertised,  
28

1 promoted, and sold through numerous national and international trade journals including: Design  
2 News; Assembly; NASA Tech Briefs; Machine Design; Design World; Electronic Component  
3 News; Fabricator; Electronic Products; Thomas Register; Global Spec; Blech; BBR; Elektronik  
4 Automotive; Automobil Produktion; Industrie et Technologies; and Ingenieurs de l'Automobile.

5 22. PEM takes precautionary measures to assure consumers they are getting genuine  
6 PEM fasteners including an automated catalog on PEM's website, which all authorized  
7 distributors are entitled to incorporate into their marketing and website.

8 23. PEM's fastener products and fastener installation equipment are also promoted  
9 and sold through independent technical representatives and its own direct sales/technical force.  
10 This includes representatives in Europe and Asia.

11 24. All totaled, PEM currently spends more than \$1,400,000 per year advertising and  
12 promoting its marks throughout the world.

13 ***PENN ENGINEERING'S INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS***

14 25. As a result of PEM's decades of innovation in the field, PEM has applied for and  
15 received many patents and trademarks protecting fastener designs and operations. The patents  
16 and trademarks are owned by PEM Management, which licenses them to PEM on an exclusive  
17 basis.

18 26. Because of PEM's success and goodwill, a number of PEM's competitors attempt  
19 to copy PEM products, including PEM's trademarked and patented designs. In many cases it is  
20 difficult to distinguish a genuine PEM part from an imitation part by sight alone, so some OEMs  
21 and other downstream customers are misled into purchasing products that appear to contain  
22 genuine PEM brand parts, only to subsequently discover – sometimes when the fastener fails –  
23 that the product was not a genuine PEM brand product. In some cases, OEMs and other  
24 downstream customers who have been deceived in this way fail to recognize that a defective part  
25 is not a genuine PEM brand part, to the detriment of PEM's goodwill and injury to PEM.

26 27. In order to counter these efforts and to enable its customers and others to identify  
27 genuine PEM Parts, PEM uses a variety of distinctive configurations in the design of its products  
28

and places a variety of distinctive markings on its products. Many of these configurations and markings are protected by trademarks or design patents.

28. PEM advertises its design patents and trademarks widely and encourages customers to look for these distinctive markings. As a result, customers at various levels in the industry associate the designs protected by PEM's trademarks and design patents with PEM. Thus, the OEMs that insist on genuine PEM brand parts know to look for certain distinctive fastener markings or designs in order to verify their supplier has, in fact, used genuine PEM parts.

29. Through PEM's substantial marketing and advertising efforts, PEM's Trademarks are recognized throughout the United States.

30. PEM's trademarks and the goodwill symbolized by the marks are invaluable assets of PEM as they have come to represent PEM's outstanding reputation as a producer of top qualify fastener products and fastener installation equipment.





31. For the past 69 years, PEM has continuously used and heavily promoted and advertised the mark PEM in numerous industries including: aerospace/aircraft; appliances; automobiles; compact electronics; consumer electronics; food service equipment; furniture/fixtures/signs; industrial equipment; lawn/garden equipment; lighting; marine/boating; medical; military; recreational; telecom; trucks/trailers.

32. Over the years, PEM has adopted numerous additional marks for its fastener products that incorporate the mark PEM.

33. For example, PEM advertises, promotes and sells its fastener products using the federally-registered marks listed in Table 1:

**Table I**

<u>Mark</u>	<u>Registration Number</u>	<u>Registration Date</u>	<u>Incontestability Date</u>	<u>Goods &amp; Services</u>
PEM	732,947	6/19/1962	10/25/1984	Drill bushings and self-clinching nuts, fasteners, studs and stand-offs

1	PEM	1,177,822	11/17/1981	8/3/1987	Broaching-type captive fasteners-namely, broaching-type captive fasteners with internal threads, broaching-type captive standoffs with and without internal threads, broaching-type captive solder terminals, broaching-type captive studs, broaching-type captive panel fasteners and metallic inserts.
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8	PEM	1,403,759	8/5/1986	8/12/1991	Metal fasteners
9	PEM	2,758,505	9/2/2003	9/2/2009	Panel fasteners, namely self-clinching, snap-in floating and hybrid panel fasteners
10					
11		889,244	4/14/1970	4/14/2010	Self-clinching fasteners, self-locating weld fasteners, and self-clinching drill bushings
12					
13		1,043,967	7/20/1976	11/9/1981	Presses for installing fasteners or the like and also for parts of said presses
14					
15		1,092,108	7/25/1983	5/30/2015	Panel fastener assemblies and spring loaded plunger assemblies
16					
17		1,113,034	2/13/1979	4/23/1984	Electrical terminals and electrical grounding stand-offs
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
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26					
27					
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	4,331,371	5/7/2013	n/a	Fasteners made of metal, namely, nuts, weld nuts, studs, pins, standoffs, rivets and inserts, cable-tie mounts and hooks for sheet metal; self-clinching panel fasteners made of metal or mostly of metal; panel fasteners and panel fastener assemblies made of metal or mostly of metal; sheet-metal fasteners made of metal; fasteners made of metal or mostly of metal for mounting into printed circuit boards; micro fasteners made of metal for use in the consumer electronics industry
PEMFLEX	937,397	7/11/1972	7/11/2012	Fasteners, i.e., nuts
PEMHEX	781,236	12/8/1964	12/8/2004	Fasteners
PEMSERT	883,650	1/6/1970	1/6/2010	Inserts
PEMSERTER	1,365,248	10/15/1985	6/3/1991	Power-operated presses for installing fastener
PEMSERTER MICRO-MATE	1,433,571	3/24/1987	7/2/1992	Non-powered hand presses for punching holes and installing fasteners for use in sheet metal
PEMSERTER and triangle composite	3,567,528	1/27/2009	2/9/2015	Power-operated presses for installing fasteners
PEM SP	3,270,807	7/31/2007	8/5/2013	Metal fasteners
PEM300	1,444,862	6/30/1987	10/20/1992	Sheet Metal Fasteners
AUTOPEM	4,296,186	2/26/2013	n/a	Metal fasteners, namely, nuts, bolts, screws, rivets, standoffs, clinching fasteners; metal threaded fasteners

MICROPEM	4,250,883	11/27/2012	n/a	Metal fasteners, namely, nuts, bolts, screws, rivets, standoffs, clinching fasteners; metal threaded fasteners
AEROPEM	4,298,838	3/5/2013	n/a	Metal fasteners, namely, nuts, bolts, screws, rivets, standoffs, clinching fasteners; metal threaded fasteners
PEM SMPP	5,055,266	10/4/2016	n/a	Metal fasteners, namely, nuts
PEM VM	5,305,895	10/10/2017	n/a	Metal fasteners, namely, self-clinching fasteners, metal base plates and self-clinching fasteners pre-installed into base plates.
PEM SH	5,023,068	8/16/2016	n/a	Metal fasteners, namely, nuts
PEM SH and logo	5,023,067	8/16/2016	n/a	Metal fasteners, namely, nuts

34. A true and correct copy of the Registration Certificate of each of the above-listed marks is *See Exhibit 3*.

35. The date on which each of the above-listed Registrations became incontestable under the Lanham Act is also listed in Table I.


36. All of PEM's registered and common law trademarks identified above are collectively referred to as the "PEM Family of Marks."

37. Each of the federal registrations for the PEM Family of Marks is owned by PEM Management, Inc. Plaintiff is the exclusive licensee of all rights in said marks and said federal registrations.

#### PEM's Additional Famous Trademarks

38. In addition to the PEM Family of Marks, PEM owns more than 100 other federally-registered and common law marks including the marks listed in Table II:

Table II

<u>Mark</u>	<u>Registration Number</u>	<u>Registration Date</u>	<u>Incontestability Date</u>	<u>Goods &amp; Services</u>
The "Shoulder Flare Mark"	4,037,181	10/11/2011	n/a	Metal threaded fasteners, namely, panel fasteners with heads of metal and panel fasteners with heads of metal and plastic
The "Pedestal Mark"	4,293,597	2/19/2013	n/a	Metal fasteners, namely, clinch fastener for mounting two sheets or panels in perpendicular orientation
SNAPTOP	1,418,142	11/25/1986	4/2/1992	Metal Fasteners Used To Separate And Hold Printed Circuit Boards
Square in Square product configuration 	3,404,061	04/01/2008	04/01/2014	Metal floating fasteners
1,089,546 Dimpled Recess product configuration	1,089,546	04/18/1978	09/12/1983	Self-clinching studs and self-clinching pins

39. A true and correct copy of the Registration Certificate of each of the above-listed marks is also attached hereto as ***Exhibit 3***.



40. The date on which each of the above-listed Registrations became incontestable under the Lanham Act is also listed in Table II.

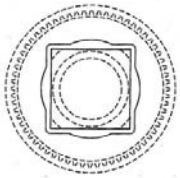


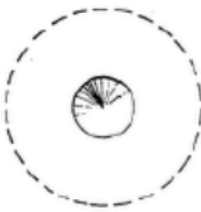

41. All of PEM's registered trademarks identified in Table II are collectively referred to as the "Six Other Marks."

42. Each of the federal registrations for the Six Other Marks is owned by PEM Management, Inc. Plaintiff is the exclusive licensee of all rights in said marks and said federal registrations.

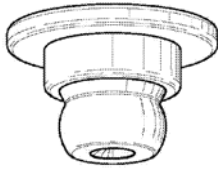

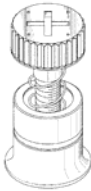
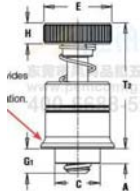


1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	PEM's Registered Marks	Image of Defendant's Infringing Usage	Details of Defendant's Infringing Usage
	PEM	PEMCO	Use as a header and a watermark on numerous web pages – Attached hereto as <b><i>Exhibit 5</i></b>
	732,947		
	1,177,822	PEMCO HARDWARE	
		PEMCO FASTENING SYSTEMS	Use on “Company News” of website - Attached hereto as <b><i>Exhibit 6</i></b>
	PEM Family of		
	Marks	PEMKU	Use as a header on numerous web pages – <b><i>Exhibit 5</i></b>
	1,403,759		
	2,758,505	SHENZHEN PEMCO FASTENING SYSTEM CO, LTD.	Use on home page with link to “Pemku Home” – <b><i>Exhibit 6</i></b>
	781,236		
	883,650		Use as a header and watermark on numerous web pages – <b><i>Exhibit 5</i></b>
	889,244		
	1,043,967	DONGGUAN FENGANG PEMCO HARDWARE FACTORY	Use as the owner of ISO certification shown on website – <b><i>Exhibit 2</i></b>
	1,092,108		
	1,113,034		
	4,331,371	www.pemcomfg.com	Use as a watermark on numerous web pages – <b><i>Exhibit 5</i></b> ,
	937,397		
	1,365,248		
	1,433,571	www.pemku.com	Use as a watermark on numerous web pages – <b><i>Exhibit 5</i></b> ,
	1,444,862		
	3,270,807	PENNENGINEERING	Use as footer on multiple web pages attached hereto as <b><i>Exhibit 7</i></b> ,
	3,567,528		
	4,296,186		
	4,250,883	PEM	Use in multiple web pages <b><i>Exhibits 7, 8</i></b>
	4,298,838		
	PENN		
	ENGINEERING	www.pemnet.com	Use as footer on multiple web pages <b><i>Exhibit 7</i></b> ,
	928,124		
		PINCONN	Use as a header and a watermark on numerous web pages - <b><i>Exhibit 5</i></b>
		DONGGUAN FENGANG PINCONN HARDWARE FACTORY	Use as a footer, header and a watermark on numerous web pages - <b><i>Exhibit 5</i></b>
		www.pinconn.com	Use as a domain same and on multiple web pages – <b><i>Exhibit 6</i></b>

<p>U.S. 4,037,181 Shoulder Flare product configuration</p> 		<p>Attached hereto as <b>Exhibit 9</b></p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Category/B03/">http://www.pinconn.com/Category/B03/</a></p> <p>1) Assembly Parts/Panel Fastener Assembly/Flare-in with Flange – <a href="http://www.pinconn.com/category/B0301/">www.pinconn.com/category/B0301/</a></p> <p>2) Assembly Parts/Panel Fastener Assembly/Panel Fastener Assembly - <a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/B0316/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/B0316/</a> (also covered by US Patent D656,392)</p> <p>3) Assembly Parts/Panel Fastener Assembly/Self-Clinching with Plastic Head - <a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/B0332/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/B0332/</a></p>
<p>The “Pedestal Mark”</p>		<p>Attached hereto as <b>Exhibit 10</b></p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Category/A01/">http://www.pinconn.com/Category/A01/</a></p> <p>Turning Parts/Nuts/Threaded Right Angle Nuts <a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/A0121/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/A0121/</a></p>
<p>Reg. No. 1,418,142 SNAPTOP</p>		<p>Attached hereto as <b>Exhibit 11</b></p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Category/A03/">http://www.pinconn.com/Category/A03/</a></p> <p>Turning Parts/Pins and others/Snap-top Standoffs <a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/A0306/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/A0306/</a></p>

<p>1 Reg. No. 3,404,061</p> <p>2 Square in Square</p> <p>3 product</p> <p>4 configuration</p> <p>5 </p>		<p>Attached hereto as <b>Exhibit 12</b></p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Category/A01/">http://www.pinconn.com/Category/A01/</a></p> <p>Turning Parts/Nuts/Floating Nuts -</p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/A0105/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/A0105/</a></p>
<p>6 Reg. No. 1,089,546</p> <p>7 Dimpled Recess</p> <p>8 product</p> <p>9 configuration</p> <p>10 </p> <p>11 </p>		<p>Attached hereto as <b>Exhibit 13</b></p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Category/D/">http://www.pinconn.com/Category/D/</a></p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Category/D01/">http://www.pinconn.com/Category/D01/</a></p> <p>Cold Forming Parts/Self-clinching Studs/Flush-mounted Studs</p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0101/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0101/</a> bottom pic</p> <p>Cold Forming Parts/Self-clinching Studs/High-Strength Studs HFE -</p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0103/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0103/</a></p> <p>Cold Forming Parts/Self-clinching Studs/High-Strength Studs HFH -</p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0104/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0104/</a> our bulletin</p> <p>Cold Forming Parts/Self-clinching Studs/High-Strength Studs HFG8 -</p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/d0105/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/d0105/</a> top pic</p> <p>Cold Forming Parts/Self-clinching Studs/Low-Displacement Head Studs -</p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0107/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0107/</a> our bulletin</p> <p>Cold Forming Parts/Self-clinching Studs/Unthreaded Studs -</p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0108/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0108/</a> our bulletin</p> <p>Cold Forming Parts/Self-clinching Studs/Dog-Point Studs -</p> <p><a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0111/">http://www.pinconn.com/Product/List/D0111/</a> our bulletin</p>

51. The below table illustrates Defendants use of identical, counterfeit, and colorable imitations of PEM's design patents:

Penn Engineering's U.S.	Exemplary Photograph of Patented Product	Pinconn's Infringing Product
Title: Metal Pin Fastener D768,468		Attached hereto as <i>Exhibit 14</i>    Turning Parts/Pins and Others <a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Category/B03/">http://www.pinconn.com/Category/B03/</a>
Title: Panel Fastener U.S. D656,392		Attached hereto as <i>Exhibit 15</i>    <a href="http://www.pinconn.com/Category/B03/">http://www.pinconn.com/Category/B03/</a>  Assembly parts/Panel Fastener Assembly/Flare-in with Flange

52. To promote its fasteners, Defendant has also participated in trade shows held in the United States for the fastener industry.

53. Defendant has come to the he International Fastener Expo held at the Las Vegas Convention Center October 17-20, 2017, with the purpose and intent of advertising, displaying, offering for sale, and selling products for sale (many of which are listed above) which infringe upon Plaintiff's trademark and patent rights, as seen in the photo below.





54. Defendant has taken PEM's marks and patents and used the same to create products which infringe on Plaintiff's intellectual property.

**FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**  
**TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT UNDER 15 U.S.C. § 1114**

55. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

56. Without PEM's authorization, license, or consent, Defendant has knowingly used and continues to use PEM's marks in connection with the manufacturing, advertising, promoting, import, and sale of infringing products. Defendant has used the PEM marks with the knowledge of, and the intent to call to mind and create a likelihood of confusion with regard to, and/or trade of PEM's fame and the registered PEM marks.

57. Defendant's use of the PEM marks is likely to: (A) confuse, mislead, or deceive

1 customers, purchasers, and members of the general public as to the origin, source, sponsorship,  
2 or affiliation of Defendant and PEM and/or the infringing products; and (B) is likely to cause  
3 such people to believe in error that the infringing fastener products and fastener installation  
4 equipment have been authorized, sponsored, approved, endorsed, or licensed by PEM or that the  
5 infringing fastener products and fastener installation equipment are in some way affiliated with  
6 PEM.

7 58. PEM has no control over the Defendant's use of the PEM marks and cannot  
8 control the fact that the Defendant is using the PEM marks to create the infringing fastener  
9 products and fastener installation equipment. Therefore, PEM's reputation and goodwill has  
10 been and continues to be damaged – and the value of the PEM Marks jeopardized – by  
11 Defendant's continued use of the PEM marks and colorable imitations thereof. Because of the  
12 likelihood of confusion between the infringing fastener products and fastener installation  
13 equipment, any defects, objections, or faults found with the fastener products and fastener  
14 installation equipment will negatively reflect upon and injure the exceptional reputation that  
15 PEM has established for its products and services in connection with the PEM mark. As such,  
16 Defendant is liable to PEM for infringement of the PEM marks pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1114.

17 59. Defendant's acts alleged have caused, and if not enjoined will continue to cause,  
18 irreparable and continuing harm to PEM's trademarks, business, reputation, and goodwill.

19 60. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's conduct, PEM has suffered and  
20 continues to suffer damages to its valuable PEM marks, and other damages in an amount to be  
21 proven at trial.

22 61. Defendant's infringement of PEM's registered trademarks is deliberate, willful,  
23 fraudulent and without any extenuating circumstances, and constitutes a knowing use of the PEM  
24 marks, and an exceptional case within the meaning of 15 U.S.C. § 1117(b).

25 62. PEM is entitled to temporary, preliminary, and permanent injunctive relief, as  
26 well as an award of Defendant's profits, actual damages, enhanced profits and damages, costs,  
27 and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1114, 1116, and 1117.  
28

**SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**  
**FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN/UNFAIR COMPETITION – 15 U.S.C. §**  
**1125**

63. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

64. Defendant's use, promotion, offers to sell, sale, and/or importation of the infringing fastener products and fastener installation equipment violates Section 43(a) of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a). The PEM Marks are federally registered, and are entitled to protection under both federal and common law. The PEM Marks have distinctive appearances with unique and non-functional designs. PEM has extensively and continuously promoted and used the PEM Marks for many decades in the United States and worldwide. Through that extensive and continuous use, the PEM Marks have become well-known indicators of the origin and quality of PEM's products and have acquired substantial secondary meaning in the marketplace.

65. Defendant's use of colorable imitations of the PEM Marks constitutes a false designation of origin that is likely to cause consumer confusion, mistake, or deception as to the origin, sponsorship, or approval of the infringing fastener products and fastener installation equipment by creating the false and misleading impression that the infringing fastener products and fastener installation equipment are manufactured by, authorized by, or otherwise associated with PEM.

66. Defendant's use of colorable imitations of the PEM Marks has caused, and unless enjoined, will continue to cause substantial and irreparable injury to PEM for which PEM has no adequate remedy at law, including at least substantial and irreparable injury to the goodwill and reputation for quality associated with the PEM Marks.

67. On information and belief, Defendant's use of colorable imitations of the PEM Marks has been intentional and willful. Defendant's bad faith is evidenced at least by Defendant's use of marks identical to the PEM Marks on the infringing fastener products and fastener installation equipment. PEM is entitled to injunctive relief, and PEM is also entitled to recover Defendant's profits, actual damages, enhanced profits and damages, costs, and

1 reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1125(a), 1116, and 1117.

2  
3 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**  
**COMMON LAW TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT & UNFAIR COMPETITION**

4 68. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation  
5 set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

6 69. PEM was the first to use the PEM Marks. As a result of PEM's continuous  
7 promotion and sales of products bearing the PEM Marks, the PEM Marks have become widely  
8 known and PEM has been identified in the public mind as the manufacturer of the products to  
9 which the PEM Marks are applied.

10 70. As a result of the experience, care, and service of PEM in producing the products  
11 to which the PEM Marks are applied, these products have become widely known and have  
12 acquired a worldwide reputation for quality, styling, and utility. Moreover, the PEM Marks have  
13 come to symbolize PEM's reputation for quality and excellence. The PEM Marks have also  
14 acquired secondary meaning in the marketplace, and are non-functional.

15 71. The Defendant, with knowledge of and with intentional disregard of PEM's rights,  
16 continues to advertise, promote, and sell products using the PEM Marks, or colorable and  
17 confusing imitations thereof. Defendant's acts are likely to cause, have caused, and will continue  
18 to cause confusion as to the source and/or sponsorship of PEM's products and services.

19 72. The Defendant's acts alleged herein and specifically, without limitation,  
20 Defendant's use, manufacture, promotion, offers to sell, selling, and/or importing into the United  
21 States products that are confusingly similar to products bearing the PEM Marks, infringes PEM's  
22 exclusive trademark rights in violation of the common law.

23 73. The Defendant's acts alleged above have caused, and if not enjoined will continue  
24 to cause, irreparable and continuing harm to PEM's trademarks, business, reputation, and  
25 goodwill. PEM has no adequate remedy at law because monetary damages are inadequate to  
26 compensate PEM for the injuries caused by Defendant to its trademarks, business, reputation,  
27 and goodwill.

28 74. Defendant's use of colorable imitations of the PEM Marks has been intentional

1 and willful. Defendant's bad faith is evidenced at least by Defendant's use of marks identical to  
2 the PEM Marks on the Defendant Infringing Products. PEM is entitled to injunctive relief, and  
3 PEM is also entitled to recover Defendant's profits, actual damages, punitive damages, costs, and  
4 reasonable attorneys' fees.

5 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

6 **DESIGN PATENT INFRINGEMENT - 35 U.S.C. §§ 171 AND 289**

7 75. Plaintiff hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation  
8 set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

9 76. Without Plaintiff's authorization, license, or consent, the Defendant has and is  
10 continuing to make, use, offer to sell, sell, and/or import into the United States the Defendant  
11 Infringing Products, which infringe the Plaintiff's design patents USD 459,432 S1, USD 459,433  
12 S1, and USD 644,716 S1.

13 77. The Defendant infringes on the Plaintiff Design Patents, USD 459,432 S1, USD  
14 459,433 S1, and USD 644,716 S1 because, *inter alia*, in the eye of an ordinary observer, giving  
15 such attention as a purchaser usually gives, the Plaintiff's Design patents are substantially the  
16 same as the Defendant's infringing product. The resemblance is as such that an ordinary  
17 observer, would likely purchase the Defendant's infringing products, believing it to be the  
18 Plaintiff's products.

19 78. The Defendant's acts of infringement of the Plaintiff's Design Patents were  
20 undertaken without authority, permission, or license from the Plaintiff. The Defendant's acts  
21 violate 35 U.S.C. § 271.

22 79. The Plaintiff has been and continues to be irreparably harmed by the Defendant's  
23 past and ongoing infringement of the Plaintiff's design patents.

24 80. The Defendant's infringement of the Plaintiff's design patents has caused The  
25 Plaintiff to suffer damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

**PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs respectfully demand judgment against Defendant as follows:

A. Judgment that Defendant has: (i) willfully infringed the PEM Marks in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114; (ii) willfully used false designations of origin and/or engaged in unfair competition in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a); (iii) willfully violated PEM's common law rights in the PEM Marks; and (iv) willfully infringed the Plaintiff's Design Patents in violation of 35 U.S.C. §§ 171 and 289;

B. A temporary, preliminary, and permanent injunction against further infringement, false designation of origin, and unfair competition directed against the PEM Marks and Design Patents by Defendant, its agents, servants, employees, attorneys, and all others in active concert or participation with any of them;

C. An order, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116(d) and the Court's inherent authority, directing the seizure of all evidence of Defendant's unlawful conduct;

D. A finding that this is an exceptional case within the meaning of 15 § U.S.C. 1117(a);

E. An award of damages adequate to compensate PEM for the trademark infringements that have occurred pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(a), which amount shall include Defendant's profit's, PEM's damages, and the costs of the action;

F. At PEM's election, either: (1) an award of damages adequate to compensate PEM for the intentional acts of trademark counterfeiting that have occurred, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(b), which amount shall include three times of Defendant's profits or PEM's damages (whichever is greater), together with reasonable attorneys' fees; or (2) statutory damages in the amount of: (i) not less than \$1,000 or more than \$200,000 per counterfeit mark per type of goods or services sold, offered for sale, or distributed, as the Court considers just; or (ii) if the Court finds that the use of the counterfeit mark was willful, not more than \$2,000,000 per counterfeit

1 mark per type of goods or services sold, offered for sale, or distributed, as the Court considers  
2 just;

3 G. An award of damages adequate to compensate the Plaintiff for the patent  
4 infringements that have occurred pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, or an award of the Defendant's  
5 profits from its infringements pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, whichever is greater, together with  
6 prejudgment interest and costs; and

7 H. Such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

8  
9 Dated October 18, 2017

10 DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC

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